

Operating manual

Sina / Sina Xtra



Operating manual 19/07/2022

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LEGAL NOTICES

Owner and publisher

AUSTROFLAMM GMBH

Austroflamm-Platz 1

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1 General information

You have decided in favor of an Austroflamm stove.

Congratulations on your decision and thank you for your trust.

Correct operation and care are essential for trouble-free operation and long service life.

The information in this manual is of a general nature. National and European standards, local and building regulations, together with fire regulations must be complied with.

Read these instruction through carefully before installation and operation. No liability or warranty claims apply for damage incurred by failure to follow this manual.

Please observe the instructions in the individual sections.

This manual is a component part of the stove. It includes all the important information for both the dealer and the customer.

Personally hand over this manual to the owner of the stove together with an introduction to the system (heating operations).

In the following list we give you an overview of which sections are important for whom:

Dealer	End customer				
Complete instructions	General information [▶on page 5]				
	Purpose of the manual [▶on page 6] Safety [▶on page 8]				
	Product overview [▶on page 10]				
	Technical data [▶on page 13]				
	Requirements at the installation location [>on page 17]				
	Fuel material/-quantity [▶on page 18]				
	Settings [▶on page 36] Commissioning [▶on page 38]				
	Operation [>on page 39]				
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	Cleaning [▶on page 42]				
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	Accessories [▶on page 46]				
	Spare parts [▶on page 47]				
	Dismantling [▶on page 55]				
	Disposal [▶on page 56]				
	Guarantee / warranty [▶on page 58]				
	Data processing [▶on page 59]				
	Service Report [▶on page 61]				

1.1 Copyright

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2 Purpose of the manual

This manual is a component part of the stove and is intended to contribute to the stove being safely installed and maintained.

TIP

Please read this manual before using the stove for the first time.

2.1 Storing the manual

Store this manual in case you need it. A current version of the manual can be found online at our homepage www.austroflamm.com.

2.2 Structure of the manual

The table of contents can be found on page 3.

Illustrations in this manual may differ from the delivered product.

2.3 Representations used

The following representations are used in this manual:

Steps with mandatory adherence to the sequence

- ✓ Prerequisite
- 1) Step 1
- 2) Step 2
- 3)
 - ⇒ Intermediate result / additional information
- ⇒ Result

Steps and bullet points without mandatory sequence

-
- ...
 -
 -

Cross-references

See Technical Data [▶on page 13]

Useful tips

TIP

Fuel

Use only the recommended fuel!

2.4 Version control

We update our manuals on a continual basis. The current version can be found at our homepage www.austroflamm.com.

2.5 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Meaning
HMS	Heat Memory System
ST	Stoves

3 Safety

In this manual we give you numerous safety instructions for the safe operation of your stove. These instructions are characterized differently as follows, depending on their importance:

3.1 Importance of the safety instructions

NOTICE

Particular behaviour and/or activities that are required for safe working. Failure to follow this can result in material damage.

△ CAUTION

Possible dangerous situation (light or minor injuries and material damage).

⚠ WARNING

Possibly imminent danger to life and health of persons (severe injuries or death).

⚠ DANGER

Immediately imminent danger to life and health of persons (severe injuries or death).

3.2 Warning of sources of danger

3.2.1 General safety instructions

- The information in this manual represents generally applicable standards and rules. National and European standards, local and building regulations, together with fire regulations must also be complied with.
- Before operating your stove, carefully read through the entire manual and observe the instructions and warnings.
- Only approved transport aids with sufficient load-bearing capacity may be used to transport your stove.
- Caution varnish is not an anti-rust protection!
- Burn only the fuel listed and approved in the section.
- It is strictly forbidden to burn or introduce highly flammable or explosive substances, such as empty aerosols and the like, into the firebox or to store them in the immediate vicinity of your stove due to the risk of explosion.
- No loose or easily flammable items of clothing should be worn when laying the fire.
- Please note that placing non-heat-resistant objects on, or near, the stove is forbidden.
- Do not place any items of laundry on the stove to dry. Laundry racks or the like must be placed at a sufficient distance from the stove. (Fire hazard!)
- This stove is not a slow-burn fire.
- While your stove is in operation, it is forbidden to process highly flammable or explosive substances in the same room or in adjoining rooms.
- The stove must only be operated with the doors closed.
- The door and all the stove's control devices must be closed when the stove is not in operation.

• Please note that the surfaces of this stove heat up considerably during operation. We recommend that you use the protective glove supplied to operate your stove.



• Please alert children to these dangers, and keep them away from the stove when it is operating.

⚠ DANGER

Danger of overheating

To prevent damage you must **NEVER** operate your stove with a greater quantity of fuel than the quantity given in these instructions, either during its initial commissioning or every time you subsequently light it up again!

3.2.2 Special types of danger and personal protective equipment

For certain activities such as installation/dismantling, particular care must be taken that the following safety equipment is worn:

Safety gloves
Safety shoes

Product overview 4

4.1 Intended use

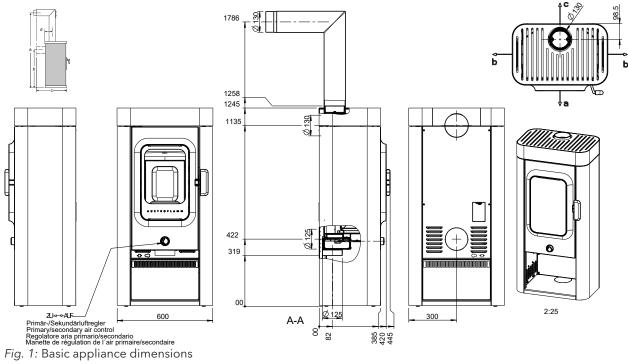
The Austroflamm stove described in this manual is manufactured and tested with a type A1 self-closing and locking door under EN test EN 13240.

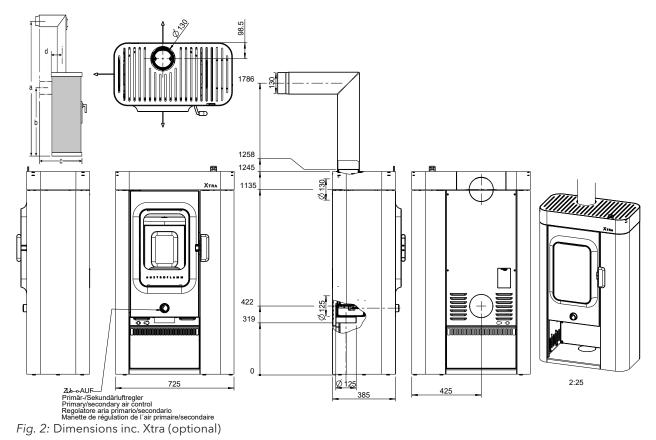
NOTICE

Operation is only permissible with closed/bolted door.

4.2 Identification of the product

In the following illustrations we give an overview of the most important dimensions and the nameplate positioning.





4.3 **Energy label**

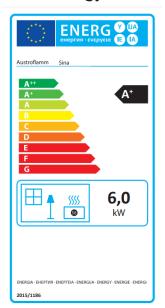


Fig. 3: Energy label

4.4 Positioning of the nameplates

Here we show where you can find the nameplate. You can find a copy of the nameplate of your stove on the back of this manual.

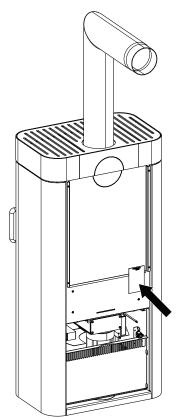


Fig. 4: Nameplate

The type label is located on the rear of the stove.

5 Technical data

As a type 1 stove, a connection to a chimney already occupied with other solid-fuel stoves and ovens is possible provided that the chimney rating under DIN 4705 - part 3, does not contravene this.

5.1 Technical data according to Regulation (EU) 2015/1185 and delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/1186

Contact details for the manufacturer or their authorized representative

Manufacturer:	Austroflamm GmbH		
Contact:	-		
Address:	Austroflamm-Platz 1		
	4631 Krenglbach		
	Austria		

Appliance details

Model identification(s):	SINA
Equivalent models:	-
Test reports:	1880-CRP-091-21 at 1880 Acteco
Applied harmonized standards:	EN 13240:2001 / A2:2004 / AC:2007
Other standards/technical specifications applied:	CEN/TS 15883:2009
Indirect heating function:	no
Direct heat output:	6.0 kW
Indirect heat output¹:	-

Properties for operation with the preferred fuel

Space heating annual use efficiency η_s :	75.1 %
Energy efficiency index (EEI):	113

Particular precautions for assembly, installation or maintenance

Described in the individual sections of the operating manual.

Fuel	Preferred fuel (only 1) ² :	Other suitable fuel(s) ³ :	ηs [x%]:	Space heating emissions at nominal heat output (*)				Space heating emissions at minimum heat output ⁴ (*) (**)			
				PM	OGC	CO	NOx	PM	OGC	co	NOx
				[x] m	[x] mg/Nm³ (13% O2) ⁵		O2) ⁵	[x] mg/Nm³ (13% O2) ⁶			
Billet wood, moisture content ≤ 25 %	yes	no	75.1	21	21	539	95	-	-	-	-
Compregnated laminated wood,	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
moisture content < 12 %											
Other ligneous biomass	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-ligneous biomass	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Anthracite and dry steam coal	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coke	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low temperature carbonization coke	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Bituminous coal	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brown coal briquettes	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peat briquettes	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Briquettes made of a mix- ture of fossil fuels	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other fossil fuels	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Briquettes made of a mix- ture of biomass and fossil fuels	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other mixture made of biomass and fossil fuels	no	no	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

^(*) PM = dust, OGC = organic gaseous connections, CO = carbon monoxide, NOx = nitrogen oxide

Properties for exclusive operation with the preferred fuels⁷

Specification	Symbol	Value	Unit	Designation Symbol Val	ue	Unit			
Heat output				Thermal efficiency (fuel efficiency) based on the NCV					
Nominal heat out- put	Pnom	6.0	kW	thermal efficiency (fuel efficiency) at nominal heat output	>85.1	%			
Minimum heat output (standard value)	Pmin	-	kW	thermal efficiency (fuel efficiency) at minimum heat output (standard value)	-	%			
Auxiliary power co	nsumption	on		Type of heat output/room temperature cor	trol				
At nominal heat output	elmax	-	kW	single-level heat output, no room temperati	ure	yes			
At minimum heat output	elmin	-	kW	two or more manually adjustable levels, no temperature control	room	no			
In standby condi- tion	elSB	-	kW	Room temperature control with mechanical thermostat					
Power requiremen	nt of the p	ilot flame	·	with electronic room temperature control					
Power require- ment of the pilot flame	Ppilot	-	kW	With electronic room temperature control a daytime regulation	nd	no			
(if present)									
				With electronic room temperature control a weekday regulation	nd	no			
				Other regulation options					
				(multiple answers possible)					
				Room temperature control with presence dition	etec-	no			
				Room temperature control with open windo tection	w de-	no			
				with remote control option		no			

¹ There is no entry for fireplaces without water-carrying components.

^(**) Only required when using correction factors F(2) or F(3).

² Values for annual use efficiency and emissions must be given here for the preferred fuel.

³ Values for annual use efficiency and emissions must be given here for all other suitable fuels.

⁴ Corresponds to partial load heat output as per EN 16510

5.2 General specifications

Technical data	Basic appliance	with HMS/Xtra		
Height [mm]	1247	1247		
Width [mm]	600	600/725		
Depth [mm]	445	445		
Weight [kg]	137	205/324		
Flue pipe outlet, diameter [mm]	130	130		
Nominal heat efficiency [kW] as per EN test EN 13240	6.0			
Heat output, minimum [kW]	3.0			
Maximum heat output [kW]	8.0			
Space heating capacity, at least (depending on the building insulation) [m³]	65			
Maximum room-heating capacity (depending on the building insulation) [m³]	165			
Minimum distance from non-flammable materials [mm]	50			
Safety distances to combustible materials a, b, c [mm]	1000 / 250 / 150			

5.3 Data for the chimney/flue dimensioning

Exhaust gas values for the multiple occupancy of the chimney (according to DIN 4705 Part 3) or rating of the chimney (according to DIN 4705 Part 2)	
Flue gas mass flow [g/s]	4.4
Flue gas temperature [°C]	271
Minimum feed pressure at nominal heat output [Pa] closed	12
at 0.8 times nominal heat output [Pa]	10

⁵ Specification in mg/m³ for heated filter method (in compliance with Annexe III, number 4, letter a, section i, point 1) or g/kg for measurement in dilution tunnel (in compliance with Annexe III, number 4, letter a, section i, point 2 and 3.)

⁶ Specification mg/m³ for heated filter method (in compliance with Annexe III, number 4, letter a, section i, point 1) or g/kg for measurement in dilution tunnel (in compliance with Annexe III, number 4, letter a, section i, point 2 and 3.)

⁷ Specifications are made here for the preferred fuel only.

6 Transport, handling and storage

6.1 Transportation



Immediately checked the goods delivered for completeness and damage in transit.

Before installing the stove, check that all movable parts are working. Any defects before the installation of the stove must be reported.

Transport is with a crate. The crate facilitates transport of the stove using a lifting truck or forklift.

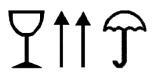
Remove the crate and dispose of it appropriately.

Fig. 5: Crate

6.2 Storage

The stove must be stored in a dry room/warehouse. Protect against dirt, heat and moisture.

The following illustrations are attached to the crate and must be observed:



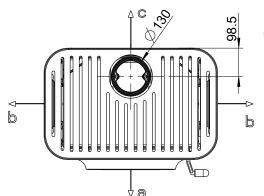




- Fragile always place upright protect against moisture and store dry.
- Remove and dispose of packing material in an environmentally friendly manner.
- The crate can be disposed of in the separate collection for packaging. Local disposal regulations must be observed.

7 Requirements at the installation location

7.1 Safety distances to be observed



Safety distances to be observed from combustible materials (minimum distances - see also type plate).

- a) 1000 mm (at the front in the radiation area)
- b) 250 mm (at the sides in the radiation area)
- c) 150 mm (rear)

Fig. 6: Safety distances

7.2 Combustion air

An adequate supply of combustion air must be provided during operation. With a modern very thick building shell it can happen that the combustion air supply is not guaranteed for balanced flue operation or that the draft behavior is impaired. In this case an adequate supply of combustion air must be provided. Your Austroflamm specialist dealer will be happy to advise you.

TIP

Ensure that combustion air openings are not closed!

7.3 Chimney requirements

When connecting the flue pipes to the chimney, national and/or local safety regulations must be complied with. Your Austroflamm stove is fitted at the factory with a flue pipe outlet at the top (diameter 130 mm). The connection can, as described in these instructions, be rearranged to the bottom. When connecting with other pipe diameters the approval of your responsible chimney sweep is required. The flue pipe connection and flue pipe transitions must be sealed accordingly. Your Austroflamm specialist dealer knows the guidelines and will be happy to advise you. For your own safety the connection of the flue pipe must be carried out by a technically competent person.

7.4 Floor load-bearing capacity

Before installing, verify whether the load-bearing capacity of the substructure can withstand the weight of your Austroflamm stove.

7.5 Floor condition

In the radiation area of the pane (in front of the stove), the floor must not be combustible.

7.6 Room of installation

Note that the room in which the stove is installed must have at least one door / one window leading to the outside, or be directly connected to such a room. For balanced flue operation, other heating appliances and extractor hoods must not be operated together with this heating appliance as part of the room air system.

8 Fuel material/-quantity

8.1 Fuel

Wood

Many of our native types of wood can, after being appropriately dried, be burnt CO2-neutral in heat-producing appliances. Wood stands out because it grows again, can be sustainably harvested, requires little or no extra external energy to be invested in the fuel, and has a short journey from the producer to the consumer, which provides an optimal climate balance.

The most common types of wood to use in the stove are beech, yoke elm, birch, larch, spruce and pine. The most important criterion for burning in a heat-producing appliance is that the fuel has been sufficiently dried through. For this purpose the prepared pieces of log should be stored for at least two years. The legislator stipulates a maximum water content of 20%. That is still however a lot of water sitting in the capillaries of the wood. A piece of firewood only becomes good when its water content comes to a maximum of 12 to 13%. The differences in combustion behaviour are striking and clearly detectable even by the layman.

Types of wood other than the ones referred to above are also suitable for burning. However each heat-producing appliance should be checked for how their use affects combustion behaviour. Oak for example burns with a rather shorter flame and more embers. Oakwood catches fire with greater difficulty, and due to hardness of the wood it is not split as well (small) as other types of wood, which again has a negative effect on combustion behaviour. It is however a good energy source, and, correctly processed, also suitable as firewood.

Softwoods (fir, pine, spruce) should if possible be mixed with hardwood. Softwoods have a higher proportion of tannin, which leads to more deposits in the heat-producing appliance, the connecting pipes and the chimney. If only softwood is burnt, this can lead more quickly to a build-up of shining soot. Mixing with hardwood (for example, beechwood) reduces this effect.

The size of your heat-producing appliance's combustion chamber will dictate whether your firewood is 25cm, 33cm or 50cm in length. 50cm pieces of log should preferably dry for somewhat longer (lain down for three years or more), because wood is dried out mainly by the leakage of water from the capillaries - and that simply takes time. And the path from inside to outside in a 50cm-long piece of log is twice as long as in a 25cm-long piece of log. The important thing is that the wood is well split. This means that the circumference of a piece of log (once all sides are measured around the cutting point) must be a maximum of 15-25cm. Pieces of wood cut to this size dry more easily - above all, however, they give the fire (the temperature) a greater attack area and thus make it easier to evolve gas and thus to burn. Also the quantity of fuel can be better measured out. Thanks to their outstanding levels of efficiency, modern heat-producing appliances require just a fraction of the amount of wood of earlier stoves. Here smaller pieces of log can be placed according to the manufacturer's specifications - large pieces of log often exceed the maximum specified quantity with just a single piece.

Not everyone has a hygrometer at home for determining the water content in wood, particularly when good reliable units cost several hundred euros. However you can make a good estimate of how suitable your fuel is by carefully observing combustion behaviour. A "good" wood fire will only smoke briefly in the ignition phase, hardly at all after that. It will burn with a light (yellow to orange-coloured) long flame. Little residue will occur in the combustion chamber, most of it disappearing again when the fire is fully developed. Another good criterion for assessing whether a piece of log is suitable for combustion is its weight. Most manufacturers also specify the amount to be laid in kg/weight. Example: a piece of beechwood 33cm in length with a circumference of approx. 20cm weighs approx. 1kg when it is suitable (dry enough) for burning. Therefore 25cm in length gives approx. 750 grammes, and 50 cm in length approx. 1.5kg.

Please observe at all times the maximum specified amount to be laid, even when putting on more wood! Otherwise your fire will not provide the desired efficiency - but above all considerable damage may be caused to your appliance, to gaskets and material and to the flue gas duct.

The wood may only be burnt untreated. NEVER burn treated woods, not even wood processed with natural substances or organic glazes. Wood waste does not belong in the stove!

Wood briquettes

Many people like wood briquettes as a fuel because they require less storage space than wood, can be stocked or sold in small quantities and - at least at first glance - make less work than wood. Within the scope of production, the quality of briquettes is consistent. Wood briquettes do not need to be stored for a long time to be dried out. Due to the raw material (unrefined chips) and the production process they have an already defined residual moisture.

If wood briquettes are designated as a suitable fuel, then this still only applies to this fuel, NOT for coal-, paper-, bark- or other pressed items, such as pellets.

In spite of various standardizations and many advertising promises, there are also considerable differences in quality in wood briquettes. But even with good fuel quality, combustion behaviour is different from that of unrefined log. And not every wood briquette burns equally well in every stove. Before you decide on a particular variety and perhaps even store this up in larger quantities, you should extensively test the wood briquettes under various draft conditions. Most suppliers keep "test packages" for this purpose that can be purchased at preferential prices to test out and compare with one another the various types offered.

TIP

When burning wood briquettes, the maximum quantity specified in these instructions must also be observed. The quantity must not be exceeded.

As the wood is pressed and thus has little spatial volume for the same weight, modern heat-producing appliances with a low placement quantity often have "little fire heaps" occur, leading one to wonder whether a fire can burn at all with so little fuel. Nevertheless you must never exceed the maximum placement, because that would cause damage. Many wood briquettes change during the temperature increase when burning, by "opening up". This should not worry you as it is normal. When inserting wood briquettes make sure that this expansion as far as possible does not press not in the direction of the window, as otherwise this will get very dirty.

In principle you should not insert wood briquettes as one piece, but rather break them at the layer thicknesses, which are usually visible in slices, and place smaller pieces in the combustion chamber, not in an interlocking manner, but randomly. This way you will ensure that the combustion air reaches more burning material and flows around it better. Wood briquettes require a stronger air current, an expert eye and perhaps a bit more patience, until you get the knack of it. Since less volume is available (although the same mass, it takes less space up), the fire is generally smaller and does not burn so high and vivaciously as when burning log. When wood briquettes alone are burnt, this therefore generally leads to haziness in the combustion chamber, as well as on the stove window. Not all areas of the combustion chamber have the same temperature applied to them as when unrefined wood is burnt, which is why these deposits occur. It may be that with one variety of wood briquettes more deposits occur, whereas with another variety none at all. This suggests trying out various varieties to determine the suitable fuel for your heat-producing appliance. If you would really like to use wood briquettes, but don't get on quite well with them, then it may also help to mix the fuel. That means: Burn wood briquettes and unrefined log in the mixture ratio that achieves a good burning result for your heat-producing appliance.

Wood briquettes must also be stored dry. In general it can be said that pressed items with a hole in the middle usually burn better. Soft wood briquettes are to be preferred and are often more suitable than hard wood briquettes.

Approved fuel

Dry, well-stored, unrefined log (preferably hardwood) and/or wood briquettes.

Round wood must be split at least once so that it lights better. The diameter of the split piece of wood must not exceed 7 cm.

Explosive substances

It is strictly forbidden to burn or introduce highly flammable or explosive substances (empty aerosols and the like) into the firebox or to store them in the immediate vicinity of your stove. Risk of explosion!

Fuel

Only burn the recommended fuel.

Clean combustion

The firewood must be dry (rel. wood moisture < 15 %) and untreated. Furthermore the correct quantity of firewood must be burnt in order to achieve a clean, low-emission combustion.

8.2 Fuel quantity

Maximum fuel quantity

Your Austroflamm stove is designed for maximum efficiency: see Technical Data section. Too great a quantity of fuel can lead to overheating and damage to your Austroflamm stove!

Maximum amount of fuel to be deposited: 1.8 kg wood or 1.5 kg briquettes.

NOTICE

Overheating

Too great a quantity of fuel can lead to overheating and damage to your Austroflamm stove.

NOTICE

To avoid damage you must **NEVER** operate your Stove a greater quantity of fuel than that specified in this manual!

9 Installation

Installation must only be carried out by an authorized specialist company.

Before installing the stove, check that all movable parts are working. Any defects must be reported before the installation.

In the following sections we will give you information on

- the integration or attachment of appliance parts
- the rearrangement of the flue pipe connection
- The connection of the combustion air supply, and on
- other important facts relating to the installation.

9.1 Risks and dangers

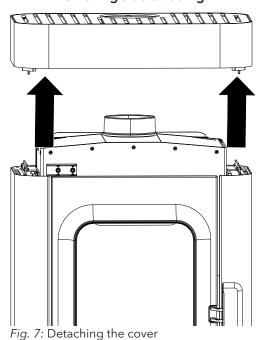
Protective equipment

The following protective equipment must be used:

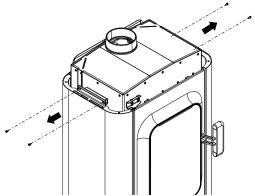
Type of protective equipment	
	Safety gloves
	Safety shoes

9.2 Execution

9.2.1 Removing side cladding

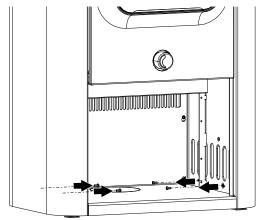


1) Detach cover (if mounted).



2) Loosen the two locking screws (M5/TX 25) of the side cladding, top left and right.

Fig. 8: Loosening I+r screws



3) Loosen the two locking screws (M5/TX25) of the side cladding, right and left inside bottom.

4) First lift up and detach side cladding.

Fig. 9: Loosening the inside bottom screws

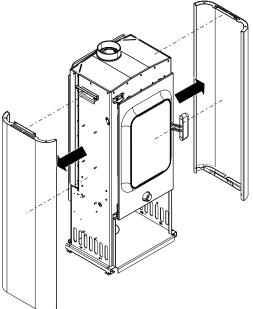


Fig. 10: Detaching the side cladding

9.2.2 Mounting the side cladding

1) If necessary the cover must first be detached and the side cladding removed. Proceed as described in the section Removing the side cladding [on page 21].

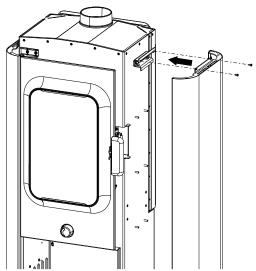


Fig. 11: Fixing side cladding to mounting

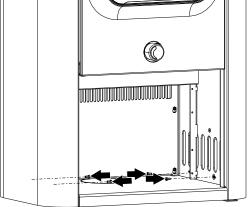


Fig. 12: Fixing side cladding inside below

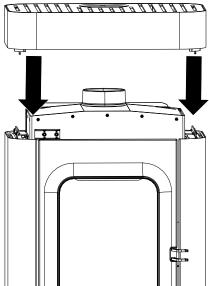


Fig. 13: Attaching the cover

2) Fix side cladding to the mounting at the top with two M5/TX25 screws (M5/TX25).

3) Fix steel side cladding below from inside with two screws (M5/TX25).

- 4) Attach cover.
- \Rightarrow Side cladding is mounted.

9.2.3 Rearranging the flue pipe connection

1) If necessary the cover must first be detached and the side cladding removed. Proceed as described in the section Removing the side cladding [>on page 21].

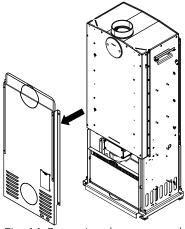
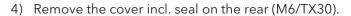


Fig. 14: Removing the rear panel

- 2) Loosen the four screws (M5/TX25) of the rear panel and remove the rear panel.
- 3) Using a saw, remove the perforated cut-outs in the rear panel and heat shield.





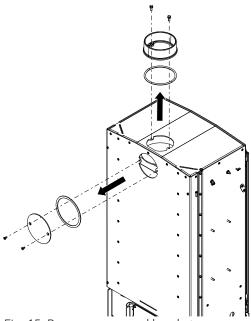


Fig. 15: Remove cover and bracket

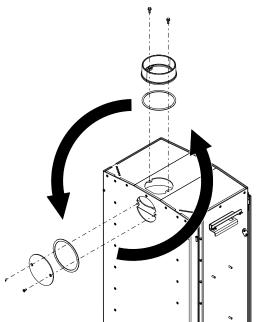


Fig. 16: Replacing cover and bracket

6) Replace parts and reinstall.

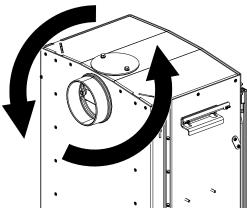


Fig. 17: Cover and bracket replaced

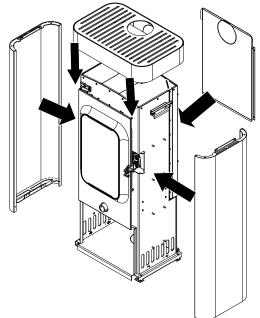


Fig. 18: Mounting side cladding, rear panel and cover

7) Remount side cladding and rear panel and attach cover.

9.2.4 Installing external air connection at the rear

1) If necessary the cover must first be detached and the side cladding removed. Proceed as described in the section Removing the side cladding [>on page 21].

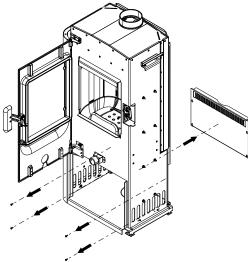


Fig. 19: removing rear cover

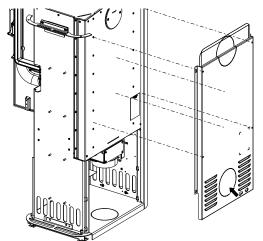


Fig. 20: Dismounting the rear panel and removing the perforated cut-out

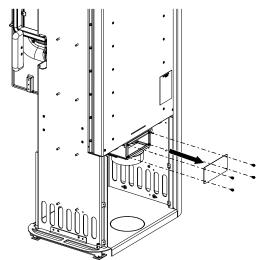


Fig. 21: dismounting the rear cover

- 2) Open door.
- 3) Loosen the screw joint (M5/TX25) of the rear cover and remove cover to the rear.

- 4) Loosen the four screws (M5/TX25) of the rear panel and remove the rear panel.
- 5) Using a saw, remove the perforated cut-out in the rear panel.

6) Dismounting the rear cover

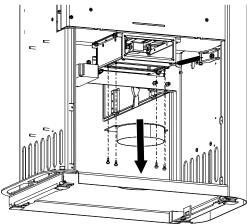


Fig. 22: Removing the supply air flange at

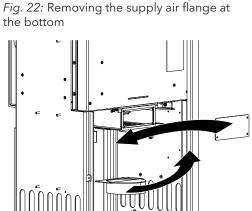


Fig. 23: Changing the supply air flange and cover

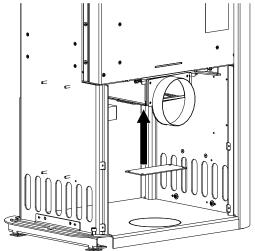


Fig. 24: Air connection rear

7) Remove supply air flange.

8) Change supply air flange and cover.

- 9) Mount the supply air flange in place of the cover and
- 10) After supply air flange and cover have been removed, the side cladding can be remounted and the top cover attached.

9.2.5 Installing AIR+ controls (optional)

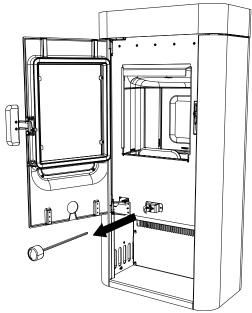


Fig. 25: Remove rotary control unit

Fig. 26: Removing the cover plate

- ✓ Not all the parts included in the scope of delivery of the AIR+ controls are required on your Austroflamm stove. To install the AIR+ control, please proceed as follows:
- 1) Open door.
- 2) Loosen the two nuts (M5/SW8) from inside and pull out rotary controller inc. support to the front.

- 3) In order to install the firebox temperature sensor, first the cover and the left side cladding must be removed. Proceed as in the section Removing side cladding [▶ on page 21].
- 4) Remove the cover plate in the top left area.

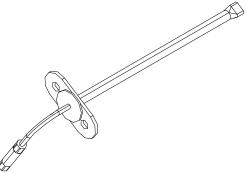


Fig. 27: Firebox temperature sensor

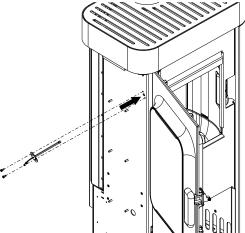


Fig. 28: Attaching the firebox temperature sensor

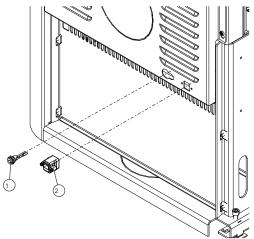
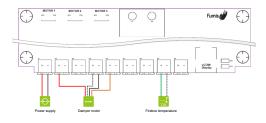


Fig. 29: Installing the DC socket and network socket

5) In place of the cover plate a sensor tube with the fire-box temperature sensor can now be inserted and fixed with the two screws (M5/TX25).

- 6) Guide the electricity cable with the DC socket (1) through the rear panel and fix it.
- 7) Guide the network socket (2) through the rear panel and fasten it.





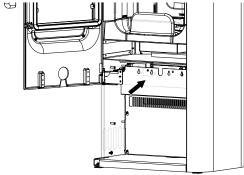


Fig. 30: Mounting the cover

- 8) Make sure that all the components are correctly connected.
- 9) Plug the mains cable plug into the electrical point. Test the air control system and set the minimum and maximum motor position - calibration process.
- 10) Wait approximately three minutes after the plug has been plugged in and then check whether the air control system (rotary knob) has fully opened and closed by itself again after these three minutes have expired.
- 11) The air control system (rotary knob) should be completely closed again after the calibration process.
- 12) The air control system (rotary knob) did not completely open and close during these three minutes. Therefore check the following:
- Plug correctly connected to the mains.
- Air control system is functioning. Any LED display lights are flashing.
- All components are correctly connected: check whether all connectors are correctly connected.
- Is the temperature scale in the combustion chamber above the ambient temperature? If the stove is warm due to a previous firing process or if the stove is just warming up, this will be detected by the air control system. Therefore the calibration process will be prevented and the air control system will switch straight to combustion phase 1.
- Check the rotary knob. It should be capable of being turned against a slight resistance. Otherwise the rotary knob and all connected components must be checked. Despite the automatic air control system the position of the damper doors can be manually adjusted.
- 13) Install the cover.
- 14) Reinstall the rotary control unit with rod.

9.2.6 Installing HMS (optional)

To avoid cuts and injuries, when installing the bricks, wear safety gloves.



Safety gloves

 If necessary the cover must first be detached and the side cladding removed. Proceed as described in the section Removing the side cladding [on page 21].

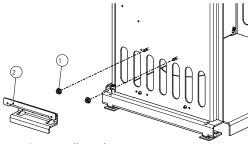


Fig. 31: Installing the mounting



It is absolutely vital to start with the left-hand side. Otherwise the stove may tip over!

- ✓ Install the HMS bricks, always starting on the left side from bottom to top.
- 2) Place two nuts (1) on the grub screws in the body.
- 3) After that the mounting (2) can be placed on the grub screws from above and the nuts (1) can be tightened.
- 4) Now place the first (lowest) HMS brick on the mount and then set the next mount on the grub screws.

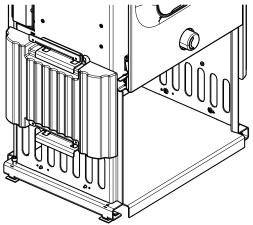


Fig. 32: Placing brick on mounting

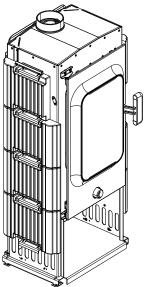


Fig. 33: Bricks installed on the left

- 5) Proceed as in steps 2, 3 and 4 for the remaining bricks and install them.
 - Note that the top brick is narrower than the remaining bricks.

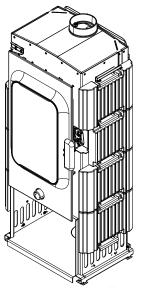
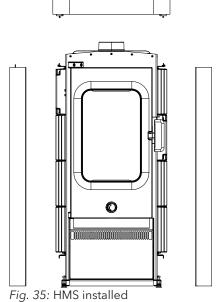


Fig. 34: Bricks installed on the right



- 6) Repeat the steps on the right side and install the bricks from bottom to top.
 - ⇒ Note that the third brick from bottom is narrower than the remaining bricks.

- 7) Remount the side cladding and fasten all screws.
- 8) Reattach cover.
- \Rightarrow HMS is fully installed.

9.2.7 Installing Xtra (optional)

TIP

It is absolutely vital to start with the left-hand side. Otherwise the stove may tip over!

Install the XTRA bricks, always starting on the left side from bottom to top.

- 1) If necessary the cover must first be detached and the side cladding removed. Proceed as described in the section Removing the side cladding [>on page 21].
- 2) To install the XTRA bricks, proceed as described in the section Installing HMS [>on page 31].
- 3) Remount side cladding and attach cover.
- ⇒ Xtra installed.

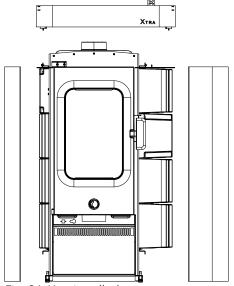
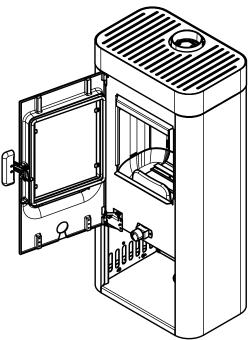


Fig. 36: Xtra installed

9.2.8 Installing base door (optional)



1) Open door.

Fig. 37: Open door.

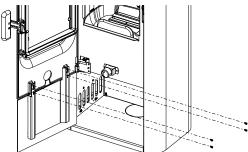


Fig. 38: Installing base door

- 2) Loosely screw in the four screws.
- 3) Insert grub screws below the screws into the holes provided and align door.
- 4) Tighten screws.
- ⇒ Base door is installed.

9.2.9 Installing raceway panel (optional)

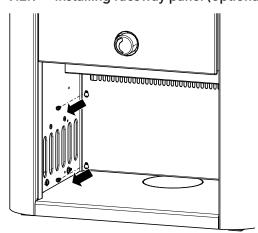


Fig. 39: Removing the raceway panel

- 1) Open the door.
- 2) Loosen the raceway panel screws from inside and remove the raceway panel.

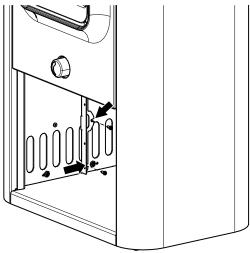


Fig. 40: Installing the raceway panel mounting

3) From inside install the mountings for the raceway panel (left and right) as shown.

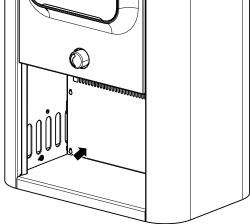


Fig. 41: Mounting raceway panel on to mounting

4) Now mount the raceway panel on to the mounting from the front.

9.2.10 Installing Keramott

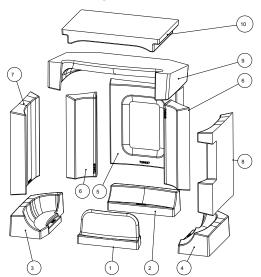


Fig. 42: Keramott installation sequence

1) Numbering = installation sequence

10 Settings

10.1 Aligning the stove

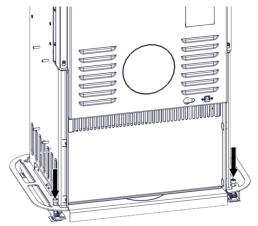


Fig. 43: Aligning the stove

- 1) First the cover and the side cladding must be detached.
 - ⇒ Proceed as described in the section Removing the side cladding.
- 2) There are two screw on the back of the stove. These can be used to align the stove.
 - ⇒ When doing so take note of the type of floor. Should the floor under the stove be made of tiles, wood, laminate etc., the floor can be damaged.

10.2 Adjusting the door

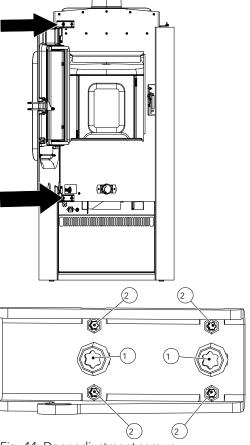
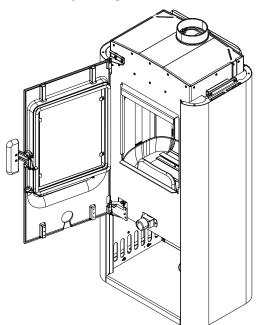


Fig. 44: Door adjustment screws

- 1) Open the door.
- 2) The door can be adjusted on the screws.
 - ⇒ Using the screws (1) the door can be adjusted up, down, left and right.
 - ⇒ Using the grub screws (2) the door can be adjusted in and out.

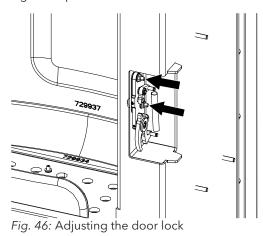
ΕN

10.3 Adjusting the door lock



1) Open door.

Fig. 45: Open door.



2) Using the marked screws the door lock can be adjusted upwards, downwards, forwards and backwards.

11 Commissioning

11.1 Initial Commissioning

NOTICE

During the initial commissioning and in the following 2-3 combustion cycles, only approx. 2/3 of the maximum fuel quantity is to be used.

NOTICE

To avoid damage you must **NEVER** operate your Stove a greater quantity of fuel than that specified in this manual!

During the first 3-4 combustion cycles at nominal heat output, odors may develop. The odors are caused by the evaporation of sheet metal greases and binding agents from the varnishing. Although unpleasant, these fumes are completely non-toxic. We therefore recommend that you well ventilate the room for the first few fires.

- 1) Remove all enclosed documents and appliance parts from the fireplace.
- 2) Read the operating manual through carefully before the initial commissioning.
 - ⇒ For optimally lighting we refer you to the section Making fire correctly.

Removing the ash box cover

Before the stove is operated for the first time, it is absolutely vital to remove the cover of the ash box from the stove.

Proceed as follows: (for a better understanding, see also steps 1 and 2 in the section Emptying the ash box [*on page 42])

- 1) Open door.
- 2) Raise the grate with the hook supplied with the stove.
- 3) Take off the cover and lift it up.
 - ⇒ Cover is inserted incorrectly when delivered.
 - ⇒ You need the cover when you empty the ash box.
 - ⇒ To empty the ash box we refer you to the section Emptying the ash box [▶on page 42].

12 Operation

12.1 Before heating up

The stove can only function properly if there is sufficient combustion air coming to the room of installation (the appliance), specially if several firing installations are being operated at the same time. Ensure sufficient air supply before heating up. Open the combustion air flap on the stove and keep it open for the entire combustion period.

Devices for the supply of combustion air must not be modified.

12.2 Making fire correctly

To ensure the stove operates correctly and safely, it is important that the chimney generates the required draft. This must be checked in particular for each initial commissioning (e.g. after summertime) and in the transitional periods (e.g. when the wind is strong). If there is insufficient required draft, then paper or softwood chips can first be burnt in order to bring stove and chimney flue to temperature.

The air inlet of the stove must not be closed.

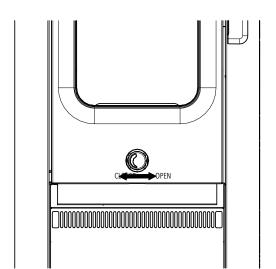


Fig. 47: Air damper

3 2

Fig. 48: Before kindling

- 1) Clean grate.
- 2) If necessary empty ash box (beware of embers).
- 3) Fully open the sliding gate for the combustion air.
 - ⇒ Position "UP"

- 4) Lay 2-3 pieces of log (1) (beech, oak, birch) across the bottom of the firebox.
- 5) Finely split softwood above it (2).
- 6) Place a firelighter (3) in the middle and light it.
 - ⇒ Never use petrol, spirit or similar for ignition!

1	Log
2	Softwood
3	Firelighter

- 7) Close the door.
 - ⇒ It is best to allow the first layer of wood to combust without altering the air damper setting.
 - ⇒ If only the bed of embers is left (no more flames), you can place another layer of log.
- 8) When stoking up, proceed as for heating up:
 - ⇒ Open combustion air supply.
 - ⇒ Carefully open stove door.
 - ⇒ Put wood on.
 - ⇒ Close door.
- 9) As soon as the pieces of firewood are burning well all around (light, high flames), you can control the air supply with the controller.
 - ⇒ Control at maximum setting right = maximum heat output
 - ⇒ the flames should always burn yellow and never blue or with black flame tips (otherwise feed more air in).

blue = too much air black = too little air

During combustion doe not totally close the air supply (danger of deflagration!).



Fig. 49: Flame pattern

12.3 Heating in the transition period

In the transition period, i.e. during high external temperatures, a sudden temperature rise can disrupt the chimney draft so that the fuel gases are not completely drawn off. In this case the appliance must be filled with smaller quantities of fuel and operated with the air damper/-controller on a higher setting so that the available fuel combusts more quickly (with a flame developing) and the chimney draft stabilized as a result.

TIP

To prevent resistance in the firebed, the ashes should be removed more frequently.

13 Maintenance

13.1 Changing the seal on the door

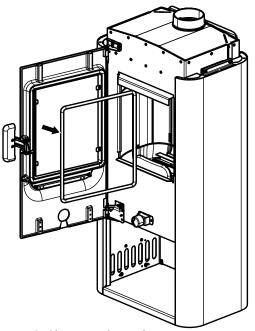


Fig. 50: Changing the seal

- 1) Remove old seal from the door.
- 2) Glue in new seal with a suitable adhesive (e.g. silicon B310).

14 Cleaning

14.1 Cleaning the stove, flue gas ducts and flue pipe

The stove, the flue gas ducts and flues should be annually - possible even more often, e.g.

- after the chimney has been cleaned
- checked for deposits
- cleaned as necessary.

TIP

The chimney must likewise be regularly cleaned by the chimney sweeper. Your master chimney sweep will inform you of the necessary intervals. The stove should be inspected annually by a specialist

14.2 Emptying the ash box

NOTICE

Be aware when emptying the ash box that there might be embers in the ash box. Only remove the ash box when the stove is in the cold state.

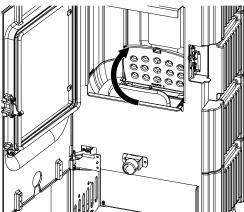


Fig. 51: Raising the grate

- 1) Open door.
- 2) Raise the grate with the attached hook.

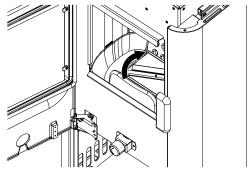


Fig. 52: Putting the cover on the ash box

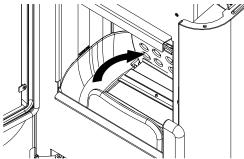


Fig. 53: Engaging the cover

- 3) Take the supplied cover and use it to cover the ash box.
- 4) Turn the handle of the cover clockwise until the handle engages.

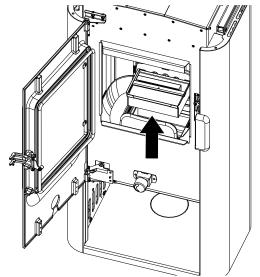


Fig. 54: Removing and emptying the ash box

- 5) Remove the ash box from the stove and empty it.
- 6) Reinsert the ash box after emptying it.
- 7) Turn the handle of the cover anticlockwise.
- 8) Take the cover off the ash box.
- 9) Close the grate again.

14.3 Cleaning the door window

Spray window with glass cleaner and leave it for a moment to take effect.

- We recommend cleaning the glass with our Austroflamm glass cleaner or a commercially available window cleaner.
- Prevent door- or window seals from coming into contact with water or cleaner, since these will otherwise harden and in doing so lose their function. Only intact seals ensure that your stove functions flawlessly.

14.4 Cleaning surfaces

- Varnished surfaces may only be cleaned with a soft cloth (if necessary damp).
- Soak up dissolved dirt with absorbent cloths or household paper.
- For stainless steel surfaces there are also special cleaners.

15 Help

Problem	Cause	Solution
The glass window is sooty	Insufficient draft	from time to time (depending on use) the window must be cleaned with glass cleaner
		Clarification with chimney sweeper (poss extend chimney/measure draft)
	incorrect operation of the air control	It is imperative that the air controller is operated in accordance with the instructions (if secondary air is closed too far, the glass pane will become sooty very quickly)
	excessively large pieces of firewood firewood too damp	Comply with quantity and size according to the instructions
	Operating temperature has not been reached	Use more fuel, dry wood (< 15 % residual moisture), pay attention to air regulation
The chimney is too small	The chimney draft is insufficient	Ask your chimney sweep to carry out a draft measurement
	Exhaust ducts and combustion chamber sooted up	Use more fuel, dry wood (< 15 % residual moisture), pay attention to air regulation
The stove emits a strong odor and smokes externally	Stove-enameling phase of the var- nish	During the first heating cycles, the varnish hardens and smells in the process
	The stove surface is dusty/soiled	Keep the surfaces of the stove clean
		Keep the floor area clean around the stove
Flue gas escapes when stoking up and during the heating phase	Chimney draft too low, flue pipe connection leaky	Check connection points and if necessary reseal
		Check chimney draft
	Door opened before combusted down to embers	Only stoke up when only embers are present (no more visible flames)
The fire is too weak and/or goes out	Air control closed (-)	Air control open (+)
	Wood too damp	Are you using dry wood (< 15 % residual moisture)?
	External temperature too high (>15 °C)	
The room is not warm enough	Convection air grille closed	Open convection air grille
	Chimney draft too high	Clarification with chimney sweeper (poss shorten chimney/measure draft)
The fire burns down too quickly and uncontrollably	Air control open (+)	Throttle combustion air supply after the operating temperature has been reached in the firebox (+ / -)
	Seals worn	Check whether the seals on the inside of the door are continuous and in working order, if necessary replace
	Firebox door not closed properly	Close firebox door
	Chimney draft too high	Clarification with chimney sweeper (poss shorten chimney/measure draft)
Ceramic windows become sooty very quickly	Unsuitable wood used	Use dry unrefined wood. See information about this in the Fuel section

Problem	Cause	Solution
	Operating temperature not reached	Bring stove to the operating temperature
		Sooting up of the window after 8-10 hours of fires is normal
	Chimney draft too low	Contact chimney sweep

15.1 Firebox lining

The lining of your stove consists of Keramott, a high-quality material with special combustion properties and an attractive appearance. During or after operation this lining may have superficial hairline cracks, which do not however affect functioning. Replacement of such parts is not required!

15.2 What to do in the event of a chimney fire

If fuel used is incorrect or too moist, then due to deposits in the chimney this may lead to a chimney fire.

- 1) Call the fire department and the district master chimney sweep!
- 2) Close the combustion air.
- 3) Enable access to the cleaning openings (e.g. basement and attic).
- 4) Remove all flammable material from the chimney.
- 5) Inform your district master chimney sweeper before recommissioning of your stove and have your chimney checked for any damage.

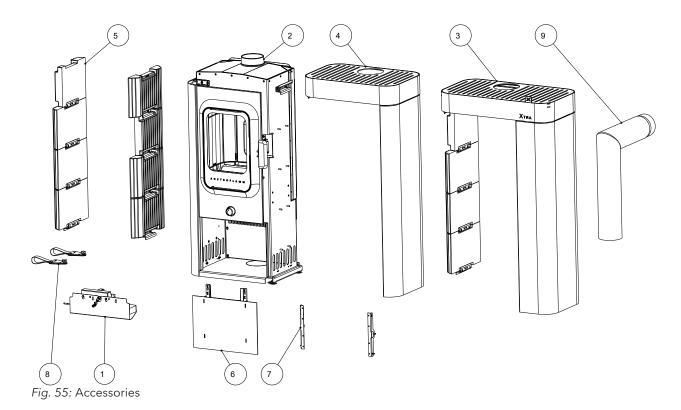
15.3 What to do in the event of faults

Should faults occur, your dealer will require the following details:

- Serial number and appliance model as per the nameplate
- Original invoice (date of sale).

16 Accessories

Have defective parts (accessories, spare parts) replaced by your specialist stove dealer. This guarantees that stove is and remains safe and functional.



Item no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	1	AIR+	076003
2	1	Basic appliance	084001
3	1	Xtra	084002
4	1	Steel cladding	084003
5	1	Heat Memory System (HMS) complete	084004
6	1	Base door	084005
7	1	Cover panel	084006
8	4	Transport aid complete	361224
9	1	Elbow pieces 130 - set	620066

17 Spare parts

Here you can find an overview of the most important spare parts.

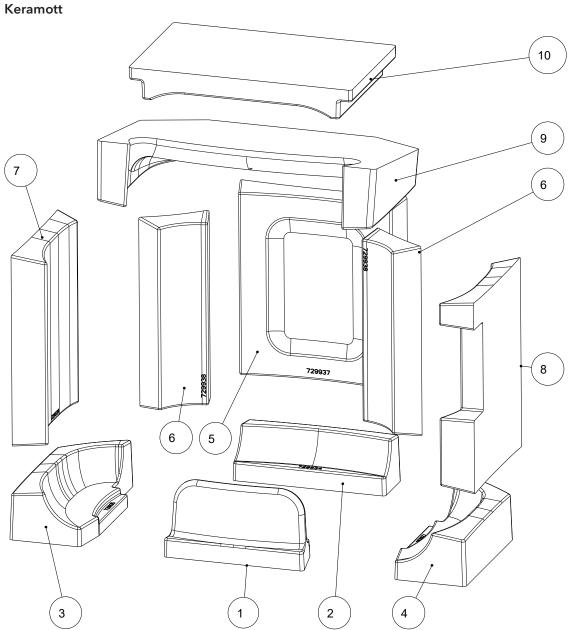


Fig. 56: Keramott: Numbering = installation sequence

Item no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	1	Keramott floor front	729933
2	1	Keramott floor rear	729934
3	1	Keramott floor left	729935
4	1	Keramott floor right	729936
5	1	Keramott panel rear	729937
6	2	Keramott panel rear side	729938
7	1	Keramott panel left	729939
8	1	Keramott panel right	729940
9	1	Tension plate 1	729941
10	1	Tension plate 2	729942

AIR+

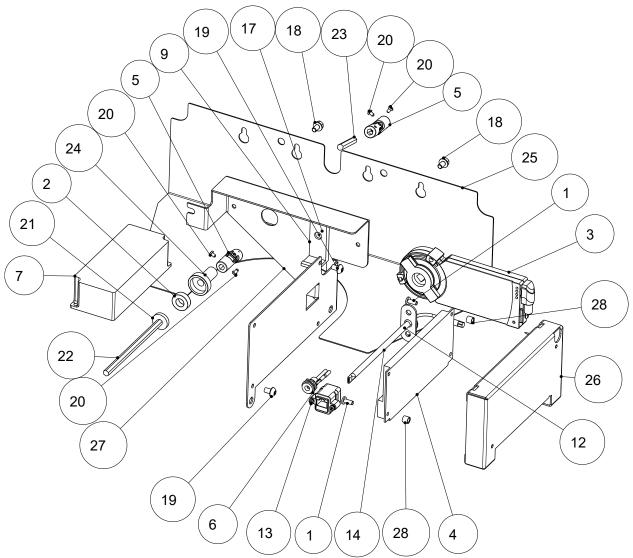


Fig. 57: AIR+

Item no.	Quantity	Item	Article no.
1	2	Cheesehead bolt with socket head (very low head) M4x10	
2	1	Ring magnet DM19.1/9.5 H 6.4mm	724701
3	1	Actuator 7	24719
4	1	Airmaster Mainboard	724720
5		Universal joint with thread (is not required)	
6	1	DC socket cable kit	724826
7	1	Power supply unit	724828
8	1	AIR+ actuator cable kit	724829
9	1	Belimo anti-rotation clip	724830
10	1	AIR+ flame temperature sensor cable kit	724880
11	1	RJ11-60cm FUMIS data cable	728175
12	1	ENRO flame temperature sensor	728186
13	1	Network socket complete (RJ45/RJ45) H&S	728280
14	1	Sensor tube welded	778675
15	1	Cable binder 2,8x200	779022
16	1	Mounting instructions	940274
17	1	Counter-sunk head bolt M4x6 DIN7991	718502-92

Item no.	Quantity	Item	Article no.
18	2	Taptite SKS M5x8 DIN7500D	718539-92
19	2	Taptite hex. LKS M5X8 DIN7500C	718567-92
20		Fillister head screw (is not required)	
21	1	Driving plate	724689-92
22		Controller drive shaft 2 (is not required)	
23		Controller drive shaft 3 (is not required)	
24	1	Motor magnet adapter	724715-92
25	1	Aperture control unit	724716-29
26	1	Mainboard support sleeve	724717-29
27	1	Cover	724718-29
28	2	Spacer 5x7x6	772792-29

Base door

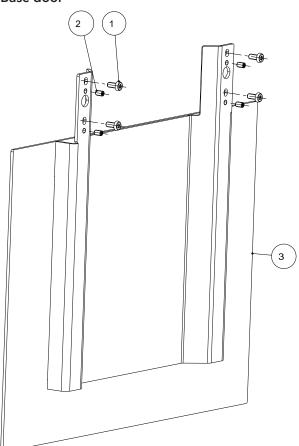


Fig. 58: Base door

Item no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	4	Fillister-head screw with hex M5x12	718041-92
2	4	Grub screw with hex and eyebolts M5x8	718199-92
3	1	Base door welded	732047-29

Cover panel

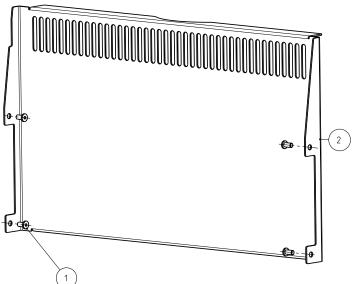


Fig. 59: Cover panel

Item no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	4	Cheesehead bolt with hex M5x10	718587-92
2	1	Cover panel	729977-29

Cover panel mountings

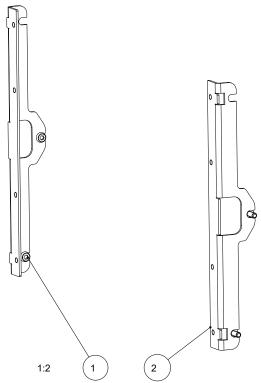
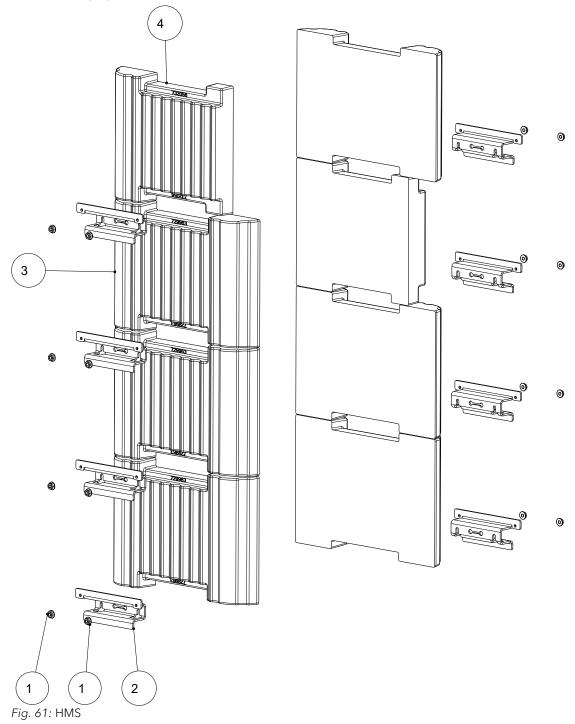


Fig. 60: Mounting for cover panel

lte	em no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1		4	Fillister-head screw with hex M5x12	718562-92
2		2	Mounting for cover panel	732063-29

Heat Memory System (HMS)



Item no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	16	Hexagon nut with flange, M6	718740-92
2	8	HMS assembly bracket	729944-29
3	6	HMS	729963
4	2	HMS short	732056

ΕN

Steel side cladding

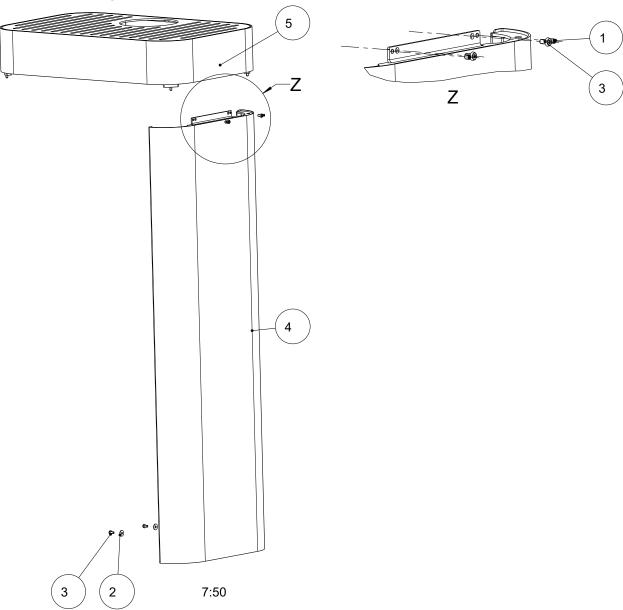


Fig. 62: Steel side cladding incl. cover

Item no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	2	Grub screw with hex and eyebolts M5x6	718032-92
2	2	Large diameter washer for M5	718214-92
3	4	Fillister-head screw with hex M5x10	718589-92
4	1	SV welded	729952-29
5	1	Cover, mounted	729957

Xtra

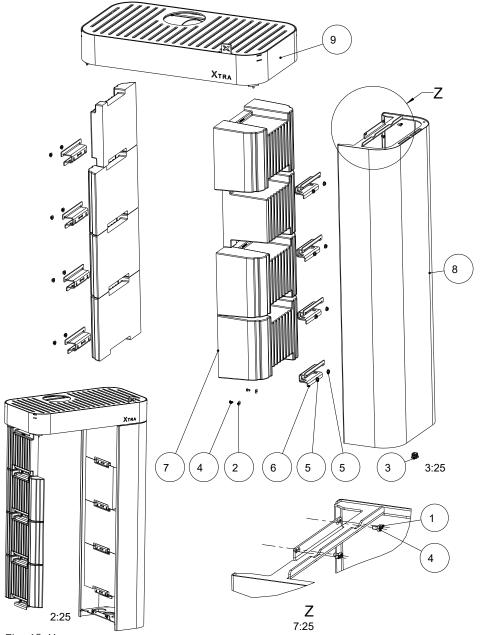


Fig. 63: Xtra

Item no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	2	Grub screw with hex and eyebolts M5x6	718032-92
2	2	Large diameter washer for M5	718214-92
3	1	Lamella slider 20x20	718375
4	4	Fillister-head screw with hex M5x10	718589-92
5	16	Hexagon nut with flange, M6	718740-92
6	8	HMS assembly bracket	729944-29
7	1	HMS Xtra	729965
8	1	Cladding right welded	729966-29
9	1	Cover, mounted	729971

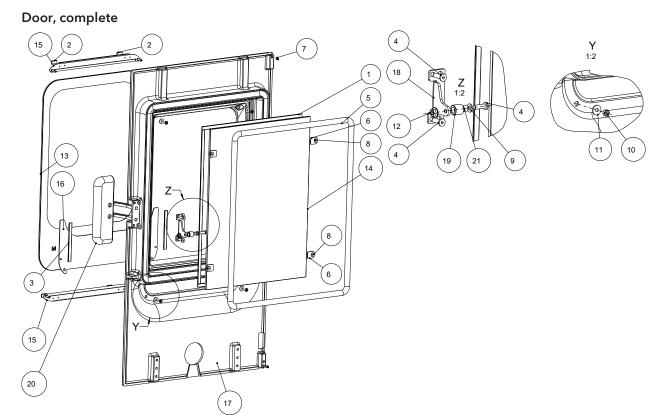


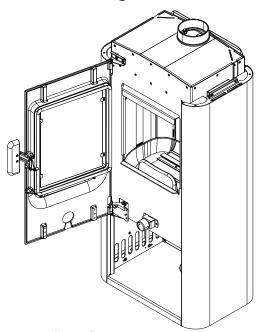
Fig. 64: Door, complete

ltem no.	Quantity	Item	Item no.
1	1	Gasket 8x2x L[mm] = 1352	710096
2	4	Gasket 8x2x L[mm] = 15	710096
3	2	Gasket 8x2x L[mm] = 95	710096
4	5	Cheesehead bolts with ISK.e.n.K M5x16 BN1206	711932-92
5	1	O-seal D14x1544 CULIMETA	714223
6	4	Window mount	717950-15
7	2	Grub screw with hex and eyebolts M5x6 DIN916	718032-92
8	4	Cheesehead bolts with ISK.e.n.K M5x8 BN1206	718045-92
9	1	Washer as above for M5 DIN125	718062-92
10	4	Hexagon nut M4 DIN934	718075-92
11	4	Large diameter washer for M4 DIN9021	718320-921
12	1	Hexagon nut with flange, M5 DIN6923	723916-92
13	1	DEKO window	729499
14	1	Door window	729511
15	2	Window mount, welded	729912-48
16	1	DEKO aperture window bottom	729914-29
17	1	Firebox door	729980-29
18	1	Locking bracket	729983-29
19	1	Roller	729984
20	1	Handle bracket mounted	732062
21	1	Spacer 5.2x7x5	772329-92
22	1	DEKO window	729499T1

18 Dismantling

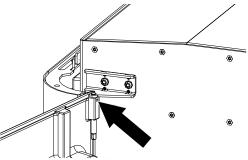
For correct uninstallation and dismantling of the stove, contact your Austroflamm specialist dealer.

18.1 Removing the door

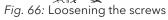


1) Open door.

Fig. 65: Open door.



0 8



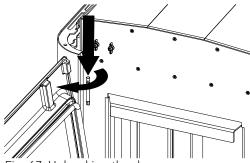


Fig. 67: Unhooking the door

3) First pull the top pressure spring downwards.

2) Loosen the pressure spring screws (top and bottom).

- 4) Unhook the door at the top.
- 5) Then pull out the bottom pressure spring.
- 6) Remove door.

19 Disposal

NOTICE

To dispose of the stove properly, get in touch with the local (possibly municipal) waste disposal company.

NOTICE

We recommend that you remove those components of the stove which have been in contact with fire such as window, combustion chamber, grates, firebox lining (Keramott), ceramic, sensors and baffle plates and dispose of them in the household waste.

NOTICE

For correct uninstallation and dismantling of the stove, contact your Austroflamm specialist dealer.

Electric and electronic components

Remove the electric and electronic components from the appliance by dismounting them. These components must not be disposed of via non-recyclable waste. Disposal should be carried out professionally via the electrical and electronic waste return system.

Keramott

Remove Keramott components. If present, fastening elements must be removed beforehand. Keramott components that have been in contact with fire or flue gas must be disposed of. Reuse or recycling is not possible. Local disposal options must be observed.

Steel sheet

Disassemble steel-sheet components of the appliance by mechanical crushing. If present, remove seals beforehand. Dispose of steel sheet parts as metal scrap. Local disposal options must be observed.

Cast iron

Disassemble cast-iron components of the appliance by unscrewing or flexing them from one another, or alternatively by mechanical crushing. If present, remove seals beforehand. Dispose of the cast-iron parts as metal scrap. Local disposal options must be observed.

Natural stone

Mechanically remove any natural stone present from the appliance and dispose of it as construction waste. Local disposal options must be observed.

Fittings etc. (for water-carrying appliances)

Disassemble the components for carrying water by unscrewing and removing them and dispose of them as metal scrap. Local disposal options must be observed.

Seals (glass fiber)

Mechanically remove the seals from the appliance. These components must not be disposed of via non-recyclable waste as glass fiber waste cannot be destroyed through burning. Dispose of seals as glass- and ceramic fiber waste (artificial mineral fibers (AMF)). Local disposal options must be observed.

Handles and decorative elements made of metal

If present, disassemble or remove handles and decorative elements made of metal and dispose of as metal scrap. Local disposal options must be observed.

20 Guarantee / warranty

1) Warranty statement: For your AUSTROFLAMM stove, we guarantee the flawless performance of the body for six years, and of all other steel and cast iron components for two years from the date of first sale.

Steel and cast-iron parts that manifest material- and or processing defects during the guarantee period (warranty case) will be replaced for new parts provided that the warranty case has been asserted to the best of the holder's knowledge within the statutory warranty period. Functional problems with electronic accessories (e.g. AIR+ automatic air control, etc.) shall only justify a warranty claim for the particular accessory.

Our warranty only covers the free delivery of the new parts: work- and travel times are not recorded.

2) **Exceptions:** We do not provide a guarantee on wearing parts (e.g. Keramott, seals and grate), surface coatings, varnish, glass and ceramics. In the case of such defects no warranty case has occurred.

When heating up, during operation and when cooling down, your stove may produce some noise (crackling, soft clicking, etc.). This is caused by the various materials expanding and contracting under the influence of temperature in your stove. Noise of this kind does not constitute a warranty claim and do not constitute a warranty claim.

The territorial scope of validity of our guarantee covers Austria, Germany and France. In all other countries, separate conditions of the importer apply to the respective country. No warranty case occurs if your Austroflamm stove is not located within the territorial scope of validity, which does not change if it is transported or dispatched by Austroflamm."

3) **Requirements:** A warranty case shall only then be replaceable if your Austroflamm stove has been operated, maintained, installed and commissioned by a specialist authorized by Austroflamm, all in compliance with the user handbook. For the replaceability of the warranty case the start-up log must be received by Austroflamm within one month at the latest of the initial commissioning. In order to make a claim on the warranty, repairs to your stove must only be carried out by a service engineer authorized by Austroflamm.

The warranty claim is asserted with the invoice and serial number with the Austroflamm specialist dealer via whom the purchase was made. An unjustified warranty claim will be charged back to you.

4) **Guarantee:** This guarantee does not affect your statutory warranty rights towards us. Should your Austroflamm stove already be defective at the point of handover, you can always connect us within the framework of the statutory warrant regardless of whether there is a warranty claim or the guarantee is claimed.

21 Data processing

Additional commissioning report in respect of data processing

(please forward together with start up log and this page to info@austroflamm.com)

The personal data given in the start up log, in particular name, address, telephone number, which are solely necessary and required for the purpose of executing the start up of the product, are collected on the basis of legal authorizations.

Any use of the personal data beyond this and the collection of additional information usually requires the consent of the data subject. You may voluntarily grant such consent in the following section.

If you consent to the appropriate handling of your personal data for the following purposes, please tick this box.

o I hereby agree that Austroflamm GmbH and AUSTROFLAMM Service GmbH & Co KG may send me service reminders and offers on other products from Austroflamm GmbH for the purposes of advertising via E-Mail/ SMS/ telephone.

Signature			
·			
Date			

The legal instruction can be accessed on the Austroflamm GmbH home page at the following address: https://www.austroflamm.com/de/datenschutz.

22 Start up log

Operator / Customer	Dealer / Engineer
Name	Company
Street	Street
Town and postal code	Town and postal code
Telephone	Telephone
Email	Email

Stove	Working	Comments
Model		
Serial number		
Technology		
Visuals		
Accessories		

On-site conditions	
Type of chimney [] brick [] stainless steel [] firebrick	Flue pipe diameter:
Chimney diameter:	Draft: Actual value: Target value: >12 Pa
Chimney height:	Outside temperature during draft measurement:
Chimney flue - Approved by chimney sweep [] yes [] no	External air supply conduit [] yes [] no
Controlled living space ventilation [] yes [] no	Length:

Instructions for Operator / Customer		
Instructions for handling the appliance explained clearly and comprehensibly	Appliance test heated together with the customer	
Guarantee conditions and warranty	Cleaning and maintenance interval explained	
explained		
[] glove [] operating manual handed over		

The customer confirms that the stove has been handed over in a fully functional state and free of defects.

Place, date	Signature Operator / Customer	Signature Technician

23 Service Report

Date	Technicians	Notes	Work carried out, replacement parts installed
			replacement parts installed

Date	Technicians	Notes	Work carried out, replacement parts installed

Notizen / notes / app	ounti / remarques		

Endkontrolle Final inspection Controllo finale Contrôle final	Typenschild (Duplikat) Type plate (duplicate) Targhetta (duplicato) Plaque signalétique (duplicata)
Technische Funktion technical function / funzione tecnica / fonction technique Lackierung / paint / vernice / peinture Sauberkeit / cleanliness / pulizia / propreté	
Vollständigkeit / completeness / completo / complet Geprüft von / checked by / controlled da / contrôlé par	
Datum / date / data / date	

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